Launching Pill Imager

Before you launch Pill Imager, you must first turn on your PC. Depending on what version of Windows you have (i.e. Window NT, 95, 98, or Windows 2000) you may see different sign-on screens and be prompted to enter your password.

If your user name and password doesn't work on this system, it may be because one has not been assigned to this machine. Talk to your IT department or onsite project manager about establishing your user name and password on this system.

Typically you will not need to enter a password. However, if one is required, try using USER NAME = " PILLS " and PASSWORD = "PILLS"

Once you see the familiar Windows desktop, you can launch the Pill Imager software by clicking on its icon (shown below).

When clicked, the software will startup, then initialize the video capture hardware. This should take about 30 seconds.

If it takes much longer than this than chances are your network is not responding properly and Pill Imager is unable to inform you of this. If this happens, go to the Windows desktop and click on the "Network Neighborhood" icon. Verify that you are connected to the network and that ALL resources (like computers, drive-shares, drive mappings, and printers) are all properly connected. It should rarely occur, if ever, that you can't establish a network connection with Pill Imager. If this happens please notify your IT department or onsite project manager.

Once Pill Imager is initialized you should see live video on your VGA monitor and you will be ready to proceed. If video doesn't appear check your connections to and from the video system hardware such as camera, lighting, and the computer.
You will see Live Video after launching Pill Imager

Now that everything is connected, begin by first preparing your pill samples for capture. To do this, place a contrasting piece of construction paper on your copy stand. Black paper also works. Look at the video on the VGA monitor and adjust lighting as necessary. Also adjust the vertical lever to move the camera close to the pill or photographed subject.
Place two pills on the copy stand to photograph both sides

When photographing pills, we recommend photographing both sides. To do this simply place the pills as close as possible to each other. This will allow you to zoom in and maximize your framed subject.

Adjust your lighting to optimize contrast and bring out distinguishing marks the pills may have. We recommend lowering the overhead florescent lights while angling the light dual light guides behind or in back of the subject. This will enhance the pill's scoring.
The Pill Imager software’s most common features can be accessed from individual icons placed upon a pair of toolbars (located to the right of the large image viewing region).

Since you'll frequently be working with these toolbar icons, we recommend that you become familiar with their features. The toolbars have been added to make your work with Pill Imager as simple and efficient as possible. The toolbar icons are logically grouped together by commonly used features.

For now we are going to get ready to capture our first pill image. So we will revisit the "Tools" toolbar in more detail later. We will instead switch to the other toolbar by clicking the "Adjust the Camera" icon (located at the bottom-right of the "Tools" toolbar).

Once clicked the following Camera toolbar will appear (see next page).
The "Camera" toolbar lets you fully adjust the image board and video camera direct from your PC. You can operate the camera without looking away from the video screen. This allows you to quickly and effectively perfect the resolution of your video images.

Also what's nice is there's nothing mechanical to accidentally disable or undermine the default behavior of the camera.

Some of the board and camera adjustments can seem complicated but they are actually not. For purposes of this demonstration we will minimize the discussion of these settings and what they do until later.

For now we will adjust the Zoom feature by clicking on the Top-Left toolbar icon.
The camera "Zoom" tool lets you adjust camera lens to change the photographic distance of the object. By clicking the (+) plus button, you will bring the object closer to you. This allows you to better fill the frame with the subject. By clicking the (-) minus button, the opposite occurs. This will allow you to see more of the subject and its surroundings.
The following settings work in the same way: Exposure, Gamma, Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, and Hue. In otherwords, after selecting one of these Icon, you will be prompted to properly increase or decrease their settings.

The camera defaults to various automatic function settings. In most cases it is not necessary to place the camera in manual mode and override its default behavior.

However, in situations of low light, or in artificially produced photographic environments it is beneficial to manually condition the camera for optimal use.

There are four manual override adjustments you can make: Auto Focus, Auto White Balance, Auto Gain Control, and Shutter Speed. In these situations you will first be prompted to select either Auto or Manual mode.

![Camera Focus Auto/Manual](image)

![White Balance Auto/Manual](image)
If you select auto, then the computer turns control over to the camera. If you select Manual mode, the computer will give you control over the camera's optimal settings.

After choosing Manual mode, look for the setting's (+) and (-) adjustment buttons to override the camera's automatic values.
Once you create the desired photographic environment and you're familiar with the camera's capabilities and settings, it is recommended that you make things easier for Pill Imager's other users. This can be done by saving board and camera settings into reusable presets and referenced by the types of objects commonly photographed.

The system will save and load the zoom, focus, and optical environment of the camera and image board. The only thing typically left for the user is just snapping the picture.

To take advantage of this feature you should perfect the camera settings for each class of items you'll typically photograph. For example, when photographing capsules you will want to zoom in closer than normal. In addition, you will want to reduce the light more than on other objects (this reduces glare). Now the next user doesn't have the painstaking task of re-establishing the camera's settings.
You can get rather creative in how you save your camera settings. Some users like to at a minimum have their settings saved under their name so they always know where the camera defaults to when they first start photographing.

There is virtually no limit to the number of presets you can have on the system.

Because the name you give becomes a file in Windows, please use names that won't confuse the operating system. Valid names should NOT contain -- dashes, / hashes, \ slashes, ^ carets, % percent signs, # pound signs, +-* arithmetic signs, ()[]{} brackets and braces, @ signs, and other such non-alpha-numeric characters. In other words, please use only a combination of letters and numbers.

Now that you have properly framed your subject and satisfactorily adjusted the camera, it is time to begin capturing images.
Capturing images is simple. All you really need to do is click. This is done by simply locating the "Snap a Picture" icon and clicking it.

However, we would recommend that new users Preview their captures by first clicking the "Still Mode" icon which freezes the video. This allows you to see what you’ve captured before saving it. If you don’t like the image, simply click the "Live Mode" icon and you can readjust your subject, camera, or both.

After you get the hang of it, you'll find its more efficient to simply click the "Snap a Picture" icon only.
Giving your Pill Images an NDC reference

Once you've captured, it's time to give your pill images a name. The system wants you to use an 11 digit FDA certified National Drug Control number or NDC # as the image name. Pill Imager will make every attempt not to let you save images under names that don't match the schema used by the NDC.

Please don't use dashes or other characters to delineate the manufacturer, classification, product name, and package sizes. The image is stored using the Windows operating system and needs to conform to OS file naming conventions.
Click the "Save" button to store the pill image by NDC #. Or choose File | Save Photo from the menu (as shown above).

The system will automatically save the image into the verification station's database and prepare you for the next pill image capture.

This lets you continue to capture and save over and over again in rapid fire succession. There is not functional limitation in the number of pictures you can take. Your only limit is the available disk space on your networks file server.

The images are stored as JPEG files and take about 100KB per image. In most cases, you will never need to be concerned about disk storage. You usually can image tens of thousands of pills before ever worrying about running out of disk space. For example, a one gigabyte hard drive will store approximately 10,000 pill images. Most automated mail-order pharmacies only maintain a library of a few thousand pills. So know that you should have plenty of capacity on your system.
After taking a few pictures you can see just how quickly you can build a library of pill images. Pill Imager helps the automated mail-order pharmacy improve their verification process in many ways. One way is by allowing you to place special notes and visual alerts that caution those doing the verifying. Distinguishing marks can be highlighted and information annotated directly on the pill image for better management and control of prescription fulfillment.

Reminders to place added disclosure information with the package can be written directly on the image. This is an efficient way to alert the pharmacist to double check certain required verification items.

(You should bookmark this page for we will continually reference the toolbar diagram above)
The annotation tool you'll typically use most is the "Write Text" tool. Annotating text is easy. To do this, click on the "Write Text" icon (it is the 3rd icon from the top-left).

The system cursor will change to an I-bar "|" text insert cursor. Click where you want your text to appear. Once you've done that, start typing. You should see the text you type appear directly over the image. When your are done typing (one line only please), you must hit the <Enter> key.

If you want to change fonts, select the "Change Default Font" icon across from the "Write Text" icon.

We recommend that you use standard Windows TrueType Fonts when operating in network environments. This is because your machine may have registered fonts that are not resident on other workstations that will want to view your annotations. If this is the case, your text also may not appear properly on the verification station. For now, use the default "Arial" font. It looks best for most situations.

Feel free to change the other font attributes at will.

I would recommend working in the 12 to 36 point size range. And when overlaying text on top of video (VGA), bold fonts seem to stand out the most.
To help denote information, yet not obstruct the view of the underlying objects, it is best to use a call-out. A call-out is simply a line of text and accompanying arrow that points to the offset subject.

Do this by first placing an arrow symbol next to the subject area. Use an angled arrow when appropriate. The arrowhead should point at the subject and the tail should point to a clearing so that a line and text can be drawn.

Now draw a line by clicking on the "Draw a Line" icon. Place the mouse cursor at the tail of the arrow (without clicking a button). Once the mouse cursor is directly over the area, click and hold the left mouse button while dragging the mouse cursor to the desired line segment endpoint. Now release the left mouse button and you'll see a line appear.

Make fine level adjustments to the line by clicking and dragging (click-and-hold) one of the line segment endpoints.

Drawing Rectangles and Ellipses follow the same sequence except that they will draw a region instead of a line while dragging. Both the Rectangle and Ellipse will paint within the desired region drawn.
To change an object's color, simply select the "Color an Object" icon. Once clicked it will change the operational mode from a drawing state to a "wait-to-modify" state. This means that once clicked, you should click an object to change its color. In other words, nothing will happen until you click an object.

The same is true of the next two "modal" or "wait-to-modify" options.
For the most part, the "Paint Order" tool will not be necessary. However, in some cases objects need to be painted on top of other objects. Even so, this tool will only be necessary when a small inset object needs to be painted entirely on top of another object where the former completely engulfs the visual space of the latter.

To resolve this obvious conflict, you will want to establish an order or layering scheme. The scheme simply allows you to determine the order in which one object paints versus other on-screen objects. A value of one (1) represents the first object layer painted. Therefore an object order # nine (9) represents the last object layer painted. In general, you should assign a higher number to objects based on their relative size. Big objects should paint first (order/layer 1-5) and small objects paint afterwards in upwards sliding scale.

This operation is modal and waits for you to first click on an object to change its Paint Order property.
To change the fill style of a rectangle or elliptical object, click on the "Fill an Object" icon.

This operation is modal. Therefore, once you have clicked the icon, Pill Imager will wait until you click either a rectangle or ellipse. Once one of them is clicked, you will be prompted for its Fill Style attribute. Either "Solid" or "Clear" are available options.

Fill an Object

Use solid objects to create a legend at the bottom left or right of the screen. This is an easy way to supply valuable information to the verifying pharmacist.
Most of the "Markup" tools can be found on your toolbar. However, there are some that are only to be found on the "Markup" menu.

For example, you can place the current computer's date and time on an image. Actually this feature is also available by clicking the Time located at the bottom of the toolbar.

In some cases, if the NDC # is written above the Time (mentioned above), you can click on it, to place it onto the image. Now click the "Move Objects" modal tool and relocate it.
Another valuable option is the ability to save and load previously stored Markup files. In some cases you will reuse the same markup information over and over again.

It's convenient to save this markup information for later retrieval. This "Load Markup" feature provides you with the ability to create a virtually limitless number of templates. You can also establish templates for others to fill in.
In addition, you can copy and paste individual markup objects. There are times where you need to create several copies of an object (all being identical to the original). In this case simply use the copy and paste tool from the Markup menu.

After you click "Copy" the above prompt will appear. This simply is a reminder that this option is "modal" like many of the other markup tools. Pill Imager will patiently wait until you click on an object you want copied.

After you've clicked on an object, you need to let Pill Imager paste the object onto an image. It should be noted that you are not limited to pasting the object onto this image only. Pill Imager lets you paste your object onto any of your pill images.
You can also Delete Markups (all on-screen objects). Use this tool with caution, there's no undo.

Remove an on-screen object

You can also Delete a single Object. This is a modal tool that can also be accessed from the toolbar. You first click the tool, then click on the object you want to remove.
Managing your Pill Images

Pill Imager lets you manage your list of NDC based pill images. It supplies you with a host of tools to manage this task effectively.

The most common management features can be utilized from buttons on the dialog box. The first option simply lets you open a selected pill image for viewing full screen.

Below from it, the "Video" option takes you to full screen viewing mode but instead of showing you the selected image it displays the next object ready to be captured.
In addition to marking up (annotating) images, you can paint freehand directly on top of an image using your favorite imaging software like Photoshop, Corel Draw, PhotoPaint, PaintShop, and Microsoft Paint (which comes free with Windows).

Simply click the "Paint" button to further annotate your selected images.
Microsoft Paint for example, lets you annotate your images with freehand drawing. Please avoid resizing the image however you may destroy its aspect ratio.

Don't worry if you make a mistake, an original image is maintained and can be recalled later by hitting the F10 from within Pill Imager.

Also it should be mentioned, if you don't save your image, it won't effect the image stored by the system.
In addition to painting an image file, various other file management features are useful. For example, you can rename and delete a selected pill image.

![Rename Pill Image](image1)

Rename a Pill Image

![Confirmation Prompt](image2)

Confirmation Prompt

Occasionally you may find it necessary to change an NDC # associated with an image. In this case simply click the "Rename" button. You'll be prompted to confirm your choice.
Deleting a selected NDC image works the similarly to renaming. First select an image, then click the "Delete" button.

The system will prompt you to confirm your choice.
Printing with Pill Imager

Pill Imager lets you print your pill images to color printers, laser printers, and label printers. The Pill Imager prints to your default printer. If you want to change printers, please do so from the Windows' control panel.

We recommend printing a test print. Then exit Pill Imager. With a ruler, determine the margins and page size coordinates you want for your printed image. You can set these values in the PILLIMGR.INI file located on the C:\PILLIMGR\ directory.

Pill Imager lets you export your images into the most popular image formats used today. Files can be exported into formats such as PCX, TIF, GIF, BMP, JPEG, and TGA.

Each format has its unique special application. Choose a format that best suits your unique application needs.
NDC List Management

In addition to exporting pill images, you can export the current list of NDC pills you have imaged. The list will help you control and manage the pills you've imaged and help you determine which pill images you are missing. The generated list is saved in a universal format and is easily read by database and spreadsheet products like Microsoft Excel.

To export your NDC list, select “NDC” from the main menu, then choose “Export”

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Enter the filename
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Enter the path and name of the data file you want to be stored. Use the .CSV extension.
In addition to Capturing Live Video images, Pill Imager lets you hook up any Twain compatible device. Twain is a universal standard for image acquisition. It is a platform used by scanners, digital cameras, and various other imaging peripherals.

To acquire images using Twain, you must install a 32 bit Twain driver. You will get this from your imaging hardware device vendor. Once installed, you will reference the device’s name in the PILLIMGR.INI file under the Twain section and variable name.

When activated, your device should be shown on the Acquire menu. If you click, you will be launched into the Twain driver that controls that device. After saving an image from the device it will appear on the Live/Still video preview screen -- in full-screen mode.
The Toolbars Menu

The Toolbars are there for your convenience. If they get in your way for any reason you can turn them off / on from the main menu.

You can also click on the little “X” on the top-right corner of the toolbox to turn them off.
Pill Image Librarian -- Web Edition

Pill Imager lets you create a website of your library of Pill Images. Otherwise known as the Pill Image Librarian -- Web Edition.

To create this Website is extremely simple. Just click on the "Website" menu and choose "Build Pill Image Librarian Website". Now anyone in the organization with a Web browser and access to these pill images can view your library of pills by NDC number.
This is a sample of how your Pill Image Librarian Website might look. If you ever modify the generated Java enabled web page, save it with the .HTML extension so it doesn't overwrite the original.
This completes the Pill Imager software User’s Manual. To exit Pill Imager, either click "File" from the main menu and "Quit", or you can click the "X" at the top-right corner of the Pill Imager software screen.

If you have any questions about this software, its configuration, its manual, or other technical question pertaining to pill imaging we are here to help.

Smartview can be reach at: